

FOOD, MEDICINE AND HEALTH CARE ADMINSTRATION AND CONTROL AUTHORITY OF ETHIOPIA (FMHACA)

SMALL SCALE MEDICINE ESTABLISHMENT DIRECTIVE

June 2014 Addis Ababa

Contents

1.	Short title	1
2.	Definitions	1
3.	Scope of Application	2
4.	Objectives	2
5.	Principles	2
6.	General	3
7.	Application to get certificate of competence	3
8.	Pre-approval inspection	4
9.	Premise	4
10.	Production area	5
11.	Quality control area	6
12.	Equipments	6
13.	Water treatment	7
14.	Personnel	7
15.	Practice	8
16.	Maintenance and post approval inspection	11
17.	General	11
18.	Suspension of a license	12
19.	Revocation of a License	12
20.	Public and media disclosure	13
21.	Pharmaceutical waste disposal procedure	13
23.	Inapplicable laws	14
24.	Effective date	14
A	Annex I- Manufacturing Premises Licensing	15
Δ	Annex II-Inspection checklist of Small Scale Medicine Manufacturing Premises	18

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS, it is necessary to protect public health through regulation of small scale medicine manufacturers to operate in accordance with the required safety, quality and efficacy requirements of medicine products;

WHEREAS, regulatory provisions regarding the layout, design, location, construction, and maintenance of the premise; installation of equipments and utilities, personnel of small scale manufacturer are important factor in the resulting safety, quality and efficacy of products;

WHEREAS, it is found appropriate to take the necessary administrative measures on noncomplying small scale manufacturers operating against the provision of this directive and other applicable laws;

NOW, THEREFORE, this directive is issued by the Ethiopian Food, Medicine and Healthcare Administration and Control Authority in accordance with article 55(3) of the Food, Medicine and Healthcare Administration and Control Proclamation No. 661/2009.

PART ONE

GENERAL PROVISION

1. Short title

This directive may be cited as the "Small Scale Medicine Establishment Directive No. 339/2020

2. Definitions

Without prejudice to the definition provided under the Food, Medicine and Healthcare Proclamation No. 661/2009:

- "manufacturer" means a manufacturer classified as small scale by the Authority and involved in processing or production of products for external use only, including sanitary items, cosmetics, antiseptic, and medical supplies and other related products using none sophisticated technology;
- "sanitary item" means any preparation used in the maintenance of cleanliness of human, household, and includes pads, tampons, dentifrices, sweat-bands and detergents;
- 3) "active ingredient" means any substance or mixture of substances intended to be used in medicine manufacturing and that, when so used, enables to the finished product to achieve its intended purpose;
- 4) "authorized person" means the person recognized by the Authority as having the responsibility for ensuring that each batch of finished product has been manufactured, tested and approved for release in compliance with the requirements of marketing authorization;
- 5) "bulk product" means any product that has completed all processing stages up to, but not including, final packaging;
- 6) "calibration" means the demonstration that a particular instrument or device produces results within specified limits by comparison with those produced by a traceable

- standard over an appropriate range of measurements. Limits for acceptance of the results of measuring shall be established;
- 7) "self-contained area" means an area which provides complete and total separation of all aspects of an operation, including personnel and equipment movement, with well established procedures, controls and monitoring. This includes physical barriers, but does not necessarily imply two distinct and separate buildings;
- 8) "Person" means a physical person or juridical person.
- 9) "Authority" means the Ethiopian Food, Medicine and Health Care Administration and Control Authority;

3. Scope of Application

This Directive shall be applicable on small scale medicine establishments.

4. Objectives

The objectives of this directive shall be:

- to ensure products manufactured in small scale medicine establishments are up to the required safety, quality, and as appropriate, efficacy requirements;
- 2) to set and define minimum requirements with respect to practices, premises, professionals and products of the small scale medicine establishments; and
- 3) to ensure adherence to current Good Manufacturing Practice and Good Laboratory Practice.

5. Principles

- 1. Any person who wants to engage in small scale medicine establishments shall get Certificate of Competence from the Authority.
- 2. Certificate of competence to be issued in accordance with sub article (1) of this article shall be in compliance with this directive.

 In case where manufacturer fails to continually observe applicable requirements after getting the Certificate of Competence, the Authority shall take appropriate administrative measures.

PART TWO CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCE

6. General

It shall be mandatory to get a certificate of competence issued by the Authority to engage in small scale medicine establishments.

7. Application to get certificate of competence

- 1) An applicant for a certificate of competence shall:
 - a) complete an application form in accordance with ANNEX-I of this directive;
 - b) fulfill the requirements provided in respect of premises, professionals and equipments; and
 - c) pay the appropriate service fee;
- 2) The actual conduct of the site audit shall depend on the assessment of the outcome of the application profile and checklist completed by the applicant in Accordance with Annex-II of this directive.
- 3) The Authority shall evaluate and, as the case may be, recommend or decide after receiving duly filled application, premises inspection report and all other necessary documents from the inspectors.
- 4) The Authority may approve, reject or recommend corrections to the application by providing reason for its decision. Where the premises requirements have not been met, the applicant shall, as appropriate, be informed by official letter to address the deficiencies or the reason for rejection.
- 5) Applicants who are required to take corrective action shall carry out remedial measures before re-inspection of the premises. Re-inspection may be carried out by

the Authority free of charge. Whereas, inspection request beyond re-inspection shall be subject to addition charge.

8. Pre-approval inspection

- 1) The purpose of pre-approval inspection shall be to issue a manufacturing certificate of competence.
- 2) An inspection team shall be established by the Authority for the conduct of compliance check of requirements provided under this directive.
- 3) Once requirements are met to guarantee the issuance of certificate of competence, the Authority shall grant the same to the applicant.

9. Premise

1) General

- a) The premise shall be located, designed, constructed, adapted and maintained to suit the operation to be carried out.
- b) The layout, design and construction of premises shall aim to minimize the risk of errors and permit effective cleaning and maintenance in order to avoid cross contamination, build-up of dust or dirt and in general any adverse effect on the quality of the product.
- c) The premise shall have at least quality control room, production room, store (raw material, finished products and packaging materials), sample retention room or area, and, as appropriate, stability study room or area.
- d) The premise shall provide separate rooms or areas for storing flammable substances, furning and concentrated acids and bases, volatile amines and other chemicals related to business operation.
- e) The premise shall have changing areas and toilets appropriate for the number of users.
- f) Electrical supply, water supply, lighting, temperature, humidity and ventilation shall be appropriate such that they do not adversely affect, directly or indirectly, either the products during their manufacture and storage.

2) Premises location

- a) Premises shall be situated in an environment that, when considered together with measures to protect the manufacturing process, presents minimum risk of causing any contamination of materials or products.
- b) The premises shall be located away from sites or activities that emit obnoxious materials like fumes and contaminants; open sewerage, malting and brewery industries or other offensive trades having direct or indirect impact on the quality, safety or efficacy of medicine.
- c) The premises shall be located in such a way that it shall have no direct link to any other building engaged in other business activity and/or belonging to other business entity.

3) Storage and weighing area

- a) The premise where products and materials are stored shall be sited where the risk of contamination from the local environment, or from other nearby activities, is low. There shall be appropriate mapping design for the control of the room temperature and humidity.
- b) The size or capacity of the working and storage areas shall permit the orderly and logical storage, flow of process and materials so as to minimize the risk of confusion between different stage products.
- c) Premises for sampling and weighing of materials shall have the same cleanness as for the subsequent production area.

10. Production area

1) The total manufacturing and processing area of the product shall be designed to suit the intended purpose to achieve the applicable room temperature, humidity,

- equipment accommodation, operators comfort and safety to permit easy cleaning and material movement.
- 2) The premise in production areas shall be, as appropriate, ventilated with facilities appropriate all to the products handled, to the operations undertaken within them and to the external environment.

11. Quality control area

Premises for quality control laboratories shall, as appropriate, be separated from production areas. This is particularly important for laboratories for the control of biological, microbiological and radioisotopes, which shall also be separated from each other.

12. Equipments

- 1) Equipment must be located, designed, constructed, adapted and maintained to suit the operations to be carried out. Their layout and design must aim to minimise the risk of errors and permit effective cleaning and maintenance in order to avoid cross-contamination, build-up of dust or dirt and, in general, any adverse effect on the quality of products.
- 2) The equipments shall be made up of suitable materials that the surfaces contact components are not reactive, additive and absorptive.
- 3) Equipment used for manufacturing shall be situated in an area conducive for the practice of preparation, easily cleanable to minimize potential contamination and shall have status label and identification number.
- 4) Rooms shall be furnished with all necessary equipments according to their product type for sampling, mixing, preparation, water treatment, measurement, quality test, capacity of production and other related requirements.
- 5) All instruments and other devices shall be calibrated on a regularly scheduled basis and documentation showing proof of calibration.

13. Water treatment

- Water treatment and storage shall be designed, installed, and maintained to ensure the reliable production of water of an appropriate quality. Water shall be produced and stored in a manner that prevents unacceptable microbial, chemical or physical contamination.
- 2) Where appropriate, purified water shall be used and the purification method, or sequence of purification steps, shall be appropriate to the intended purpose. The following shall be considered when selecting the water treatment method:
 - a) the water quality specification;
 - b) the yield or efficiency of the purification system;
 - c) feed-water quality and the variation over time (seasonal changes);

14. Personnel

- 1) The manufacturer shall have an adequate number of personnel with necessary qualifications and practical experience. The responsibilities placed on any one individual shall not be so extensive as to present any risk to the quality of product.
- 2) The manufacturer shall have the following technical personnel:
 - a) Technical manager should be a pharmacist having at least three years experience or chemist with upgrade in pharmacy professions and two years experience in pharmaceutical products.
 - b) There should be a pharmacist or chemist for quality control unit.
 - c) As may be required by the type of preparations performed in the small scale medicine manufacturer, other assistance technical staffs such as pharmacist, chemist and druggists may involve in the production process.
- 3) The manufacturer shall have a job description for all its technical staffs.

15. Practice

1) Quality control and assurance

The quality control and assurance personnel shall:

- a) distinguish raw materials requiring specialized handling or storage;
- b) ensure quality of the raw materials used for manufacturing, and finished products before marketing;
- c) establish written operational procedures for approval of all raw materials and finished products;
- d) establish written operational procedures governing the calibration of instruments, devices, meters and recording apparatuses;
- e) develop and retain batch manufacturing recording for each lot and type of product;
- f) develop a written quality assurance plan
- g) ensure availability of stability study protocol and commitment for each product (if applicable), and
- h) have written policies and procedures for all activities should be documented.

2) Technical manager personnel

The technical manager shall be responsible for the content, strength and safeties of products and to ensure that a training program has been implemented and properly documented.

3) Sanitation

a) The small scale medicine establishments shall have a written sanitation program include for the premises and equipment,

- b) There shall be cleaning standard operating procedures to be followed for equipments and premise.
- c) Mixing and packing containers and other utensils used in the small scale medicine manufacturer process shall be cleaned before and after each preparation to avoid cross contamination.
- d) Every employee shall keep uniform neat and in good repair.
- e) No open toe shoes shall be worn and natural nails must be kept short and clean.
- f) Hair must be worn in a way that prevents contamination and does not present a safety hazard.

4) Labelling requirements

Product labels shall have the following information, including but not limited to:

- a) Name and manufacturer address;
- b) Name and strength of active ingredients;
- c) Generic name of the product;
- d) volume or weight of the finished product;
- e) Lot number;
- f) Production date(if applicable), expiry date and/or best before date; and
- g) Storage condition and instruction, as needed.

5) Packaging requirement

- a) The manufacturer shall ensure that the containers and container closures used in packaging of preparations meet applicable packaging requirements.
- b) The containers and container closures shall be made of clean materials that are not reactive, additive, and absorptive and shall be appropriate for the stability of the product.

c) Packing should be done using appropriate packaging devices or machinery as specified on the work sheet, and following approval from an authorized person.

6) Storage and transportation

- a) Raw material shall be stored and transported in a manner that it prevents the alteration to the potency, purity and physical characteristics of the raw material.
- b) Transportation of the prepared product shall be appropriate in accordance with the nature of the product.

7) Record and documentation

- a) Certificate of Analysis (COA) for raw materials and reagents shall be available.
- b) The manufacturer shall maintain standard operating procedures, policies and manuals and other related technical documents.
- c) Deviations from written preparation process should be avoided. If deviations occur, the responsible personnel should describe the deviation and the rationale and maintain these records for a minimum of 2 years from the date manufacture.
- d) Standard operating procedure of each process for production (like, raw material receiving, cleaning, dispensing of raw materials and distribution of finished products, method of preparation, batch numbering system, water purification process SOP, etc should be documented and available on requested by the authority inspectors.

8) Change of premises address notification and signboard

- a) Any change of location (shift of premises), trade name of the premises, ownership or any other change of registered premises, needs prior notification and approval by the Authority.
- b) An intention to change location of registered premises shall be made in writings to the Authority before the change is made and the Authority shall notify the applicant on the procedure to be followed.

c) The premises shall have a sign board conspicuously displayed at the main entrance.

16. Maintenance and post approval inspection

- 1) Premises shall be carefully maintained, and it shall be ensured that repair and maintenance operations do not present any hazard to the quality of products.
- 2) Premise, professional, and practice requirements necessary for the issuance of certificate of competence shall continually be complied with even after the granting of the certificate of competence.
- 3) Unless found to be necessary to perform incidental inspection, every small scale manufacturer premise shall be inspected every year as part of renewal of the certificate of certificate.

PART THREE

ADMINISTRATION MEASURE AND COMPLIANT HANDLING

17. General

- Products, the manufacture or individuals who violate requirements of this directive or other applicable laws may be subjected to appropriate administrative measure in accordance with the Directive on Administrative Measure Taking and Complaint Handling Procedure.
- 2) The person against whose product or whom an administrative measure is taken in accordance with sub-article (1) of this article may lodge complaint in accordance with the Directive on Administrative Measure Taking and Complaint Handling Procedure.
- 3) Complaints may be submitted by the licensee, owner of the business or a duly authorized agent of the owner or licensee. The complaint shall be submitted within 30 days from the time when administrative measure is taken.
- 4) Without prejudice to sub-article (1) of this article, the following may be used as illustrative lists for suspension and revocation:

18. Suspension of a license

- 1) The Authority may suspend certificate of competence or take such other appropriate administrative measures as it may find necessary, in accordance with the Directive on Administrative Measure Taking and Complaint Handling.
- 2) Without prejudice to grounds of suspension provided under relevant laws, and based on the severity of the violation, the Authority shall suspend manufacturer's certificate of competence if, but not limited to,:
 - a) the manufacturer allows a professional who is not duly licensed or who has been suspended from practicing by a competent authority from practicing his/her profession;
 - b) it fails to allow inspection pursuant to applicable laws;
 - c) the manufacturer is suspended by other government organ;
 - d) it fails to submit, accurately or on time, or falsify information requested by the Authority;
 - e) it is found manufacturing products with the absence of authorized personnel or technical manager;
 - f) it fails to notify the Authority of any change to professionals or premises design and/or place without approval; and
 - g) any of its permanent professionals is found registered or employed as a permanent staff in any other facility except where dual appointment is permitted by law.

19. Revocation of a License

Without prejudice to grounds of revocation provided under relevant laws, and based on the severity of the violation, the Authority shall revoke manufacturer's certificate of competence if, but not limited to,:

- engage in any act which constitutes a serious violation in accordance with the directive on Administrative Measure Taking and Complaint Handling and the violation is subject to revocation measure;
- 2) engages in manufacturing products other than permitted by the Authority;
- 3) the manufacturing permit is not annually renewed within three months from the start of the Ethiopian budget year,
- 4) its certificate of competence is proved to have been obtained by submitting false information intended to deceive the Authority or it is obtained in other illegal manner.

20. Public and media disclosure

- 1) Disclosure of administrative measure shall only be allowed after 30 days of the final decision by the Authority or if the case is under complaint procedure after the final decision on the complaint.
- 2) Notwithstanding sub-article (1) of this article, the Authority may publicize administrative measures where failure to publicize would result public health risk.
- 3) Publication in accordance with sub-article (2) of this article shall be approved by the Director General of the Authority.

PART FOUR MISCELLANEOUS

21. Pharmaceutical waste disposal procedure

- 1) All rejected materials shall be clearly identified, recorded and stored separately and announce the Authority before disposal
- 2) The materials unfit for distribution whether starting material, packaging and/or finished products shall be disposed as per the Health care waste management Directive No.16.

22. Service fee

Any person who seeks regulatory service under this directive may be required to pay applicable service fee to the Authority.

23. Inapplicable laws

Any directive which is inconsistent with this directive shall not be applicable with respect to those matters provided for in this directive.

24. Effective date

This directive shall come in to effect as of, october.11/.2014.

Yehulu Denekew

Director General

Ethiopian Food, Medicine and Healthcare Administration and Control Authority



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Ethiopian Food, Medicine and Healthcare Administration and Control Authority

Annex I

Application Form for Manufacturing Premises Licensing

All the information required in this form shall be filled accurately and submitted with cover letter and copy of valid identification card to the Authority.

S/N	Application for Licensing of	To be printed in the space provided
	Manufacturing Premises	
1	Information on the applicant	
	Name of the applicant	
	Postal address	
	City,Sub-city/Kifleketema	
	Particular name of the area	
	Telephone	
	E-mail and/or website	
2	Name of business partner (if any)	
3	Type of application (mark as applicat	ole)
		General product manufacturer
		Sterile product manufacturer
		Penicillin's and other
		Other (specify)
-		
5	Information on the contact person	

	Title of the contact person	Mr/Ms/Mrs/Dr/PhD
	Name of the contact person	
	Professional qualification	
	Address (Telephone, e-mail etc)	
	Professional registration number	
6	Proposed name of the	
	premises(attach any official	
	document, gazette etc)	
7	Declaration by the applicant	
	under the act and regulations of Ethiopian (EFMHACA) and in accordance with the Nation I have not been convicted at any offence relating care Control Authority (EFMHACA) there und applied for within 12 months immediately preceded holding a manufacturing certificate of competent Name	g to any provision of Ethiopian Food, Medicine and health ler or any other written law related to the business being eding this application and have not been disqualified from ce and my permit is not suspended.
	Date	_
8	To be completed by the Authority's In	
	, , , , ,	
		er attached inspection checklist and found that
	it (complies does not comply) with standards prescribed for Licensing of
	premises National and International (GMP Directive . I confirm that the following
	documents reviewed and complete as re-	commended by the Directive s.
	Premises and production design layer	out 🗖
	Pre-licensing Inspection checklist	0
	Qualification document	
9	Summary of Reason for non-complian	ice (if any):

10	Nameof Inspector (Assessor) (s)
	1)3)
	Signature 1)
	Date
11	For Official Use Only
	Certificate of Competence Granted Not Granted
	Summary for Deniale of Certificate of Competence (where applicable)
	Certificate of Competence Number:
	Date of Registration:
	Signature of the Authority and Date:



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Ethiopian Food, Medicine and Healthcare Administration and Control Authority

Annex-II

Inspection checklist of Small Scale Medicine Manufacturing Premises

This form must be carefully completed and submitted to the Authority along with the application form provided as an annex I of this directive for the purpose of registration of new premises and/or change in the location of premises. Normally, the checklist needs to be completed by the applicant at the time of pre-licensing and where applicable should be completed by the inspector after licensing of the premises. By considering the type of product all the applicable section of the checklist should be completed and/or properly justified. The operational procedure and activity of the checklist may not be applicable at the time of licensing application for the premises licensing.

S/N	Description	Notes/Observation/Response
1.	Office/Owner Address	Name:
		Subcity/Kifleketema
		Particular area name
		Telephone
		E-mail:
2.	Physical address of the establishment	Name:
		Sub city/Kifleketema
		Particular area name

		Telepho	one	
		E-mail:		
3.	Purpose of the establishment premises	Disinfe	ctant	
		Cosmet	tics 🔲	
			l supplies	
		Other (specify)	
			Compliance, √1, X,~	Remark
4.	PERSONNEL			
	Qualified and adequate personnel available?			
	Organization chart available?			
	Job description available?			
	Responsibilities clearly defined?			
	Key personnel		l	
	Quality Control/Assurance Head			
	Production Head			
	Are they independent from each other?			
	Are joint functions clearly defined?			
	Are the key personnel working full time?			
	Training		I	
	Continuous training program for all staff?			
	1		1	

^{*} \forall = Complete, \times = incomplete, \sim = Partially completed

	Induction training for all staff?	
	External training courses for all staff?	
5.	Hygiene	
	Personnel Hygiene	
	Detailed written hygiene programs for	
	• Clothing?	
	Gloving?	
	• Showering?	
	Behaviour in production areas?	
	Medical examination	
	On recruitment?	
	Regular examination?	
	Instructions for appropriate working clothes?	
	Absence of food and drinks (chewing gum) in the working area?	
	Measures against contact with open product (e.g. gloves,etc)?	
	Change of clothes when entering and leaving the production?	
	Change rooms and toilets easily accessible?	
	Toilet and refreshment rooms adequately separated from production areas?	
6.	WAREHOUSE	
0.		
	Suitable for intended purpose?	
	Adequate size?	
	• Clean?	
	Located and designed to exclude external contamination?	

Maintenance work possible without contamination risk?		
Appropriate lighting and air conditioning?		
Controlled access for authorized person only?		
Protection against entry of insects or other animals?		
Rooms, Special requirement		
Segregation of material is sufficient?		
Provision for different storage condition and mapping (T,RH)?		
Quarantine area sufficiently segregated with controlled access?		
Separate, protected area for sampling?		
Separate and safe storage area for		
Rejected material?		
Returned goods?		
Recalled goods?		
Separate and safe storage of highly active, toxic, or dangerous substance?		
Safe storage of printed packaging materials?		
Security measurement against theft?		
Fire extinguishing system?		
Procedure and activity:	L	
Reception, Sampling and labelling written procedure available?		
Sampling procedure available?		
Cleaning of incoming containers?		
Investigation and corrective action for damaged container?		
FIFO/FEFO procedure?		

	Incoming goods conformity with approved supplier list?		
	Labelling of incoming containers with		
	Internal name and code?		
	Allocated batch number?		
	Status labelling (quarantine, approved etc)		
	Expiry date or re-test date?		
	Identity test for each incoming container?		
	Marking of sampled container?		
	Safe storage of printed packaging material?		
	Lot tracing of all packaging materials?		
7.	Manufacturing Room		
	Rooms/cubicle, general		
	Suitable for the intended purpose?		
	Adequate size?		
	• Clean?		
	Designed and located to exclude contaminants?		
	Proper maintenance		
	Maintenance work possible without contamination risk?		
	Appropriate lighting and ventilation?		
	Recording of temperature and humidity?		
	Protection against entry of insects or other animals?		
	Controlled access for authorized personnel only?		
	Equipment	,	

Suitable for the intended use?		
Well maintained?		
Written cleaning procedures?		
Maintenance without contamination risk?		
Material make up for equipment in contact with the product?		
Calibration procedure?		
Calibration records?		
Contents and flow direction marked on pipes?		
Pipes for distilled and demineralised water regularly monitored and sanitized?		
Status labelling of not functioning equipment?		
Equipment cleanliness status?		
Equipment ID, name?		
Procedure and activity		
Written procedure available for all manufacturing steps		
Are all manufacturing steps recorded with actual parameters?		
Check of each single container of the starting materials (contents, weight, identity)		
Only one batch of product processed at a time?		
Protection against contaminant (e.g. microbial, etc)		
Appropriate measure against generation of dust (e.g. closed system)		
Correct labelling of containers, materials, equipment, rooms with	I	
Product name and batch number		

	Quarantine status	
	Deviations from standard procedures recorded and appropriate corrective measures taken?	
	Line clearance?	
	Investigation of deviation in the yield?	
	Validated procedure when reworking of rejected batches?	
	Special release procedure for those batches?	
	Use protective clothing (hair cover, shoes, masks, gloves?	
	In Process Control	
	Who performs IPC	
	Type of tests	
	Frequency of tests	
_		
8.	Packaging (Primary)	
8.	Packaging (Primary) Rooms/Cubicles	
8.		
8.	Rooms/Cubicles	
8.	Rooms/Cubicles Suitable for the intended purpose?	
8.	Rooms/Cubicles Suitable for the intended purpose? • Adequate size?	
8.	Rooms/Cubicles Suitable for the intended purpose? • Adequate size? • Clean?	
8.	Rooms/Cubicles Suitable for the intended purpose? • Adequate size? • Clean? Designed and located to prevent contamination?	
8.	Rooms/Cubicles Suitable for the intended purpose? • Adequate size? • Clean? Designed and located to prevent contamination? Proper maintenance?	
8.	Rooms/Cubicles Suitable for the intended purpose? • Adequate size? • Clean? Designed and located to prevent contamination? Proper maintenance? Maintenance possible without contamination?	
8.	Rooms/Cubicles Suitable for the intended purpose? • Adequate size? • Clean? Designed and located to prevent contamination? Proper maintenance? Maintenance possible without contamination? Appropriate lighting and air conditioning?	

	Only one product packaged per line at one time?	
	Line clearance checklist before starting another product?	
	Labelling of the packaging line (product name and code)?	
	Material checklist delivered to the line (quantity, identity, conformity with order)?	
	Cleaning of primary packing materials?	
	Immediate labelling after filling?	
	Checking of all printing process (code, expiry date)?	
	Special safety measures for off-line printing?	
	Control of printing devices (code reader, counter, etc)?	
	Printings clear and permanent?	
	Balancing of printed packaging materials and bulk?	
	Destruction of left over coded material?	
	Quarantine of finished product before release?	
	Appropriate storage after release?	
9.	In process Control	
	Check on identity of bulk and packaging materials?	
	Regular checks on:	
	Aspect of the packages	
	• Completeness	
	Conformity of quantity and quality of materials with order	
	Correct imprint	
	Correct function of control devices	

	Are the following IPC performed:	
	Leakage	
	Release torque of screw caps	
10.	Documentation	
	Specifications	
	Specifications for raw/packaging materials?	
	Do specification include:	
	Internal name and code	
	Name of supplier and/or manufacturer	
	Reference sample (printed packaging materials)	
	Sampling procedure?	
	Qualitative/quantitative parameter with limit?	
	Storage conditions?	
	Maximum storage period?	
	Good receiving?	
	Written procedure for the reception of materials?	
	Do records receipt include:	
	Product name on labels and delivery note?	
	Internal name and code?	
	Receiving date?	
	Name of supplier and/or manufacturer?	
	Batch number of supplier?	
	Total quantity and number of containers?	
		1

	Allocated internal code		
	SOPs for labelling, quarantine and storage of all incoming		
	materials?		
	Sampling SOPs include		
	Authorized sampling personnel?		
	Method, equipment and quantities?		
	Safety measure		
11.	QUALITY CONTROL	<u> </u>	
	General requirement		
	Independent QC department available		
	Head of QC well qualified and sufficiently experienced?		
	Qualified personnel available?		
	Organization charts available?		
	Job description available?		
	Responsibilities clearly defined?		
	Continuous training for QC personnel?		
	Initial job training for all employees?		
	Training records?		
	QC personnel admitted to the production rooms for sampling etc?		
	QC Laboratories	I	
	Suitable for the intended use?		
	Laboratories of adequate size?		
	Appropriate level of maintenance?		
	Adequate separation from production area?		
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	QC documentation		
	Do procedures exist for		
	Self-inspection		
	Release or rejection of products or materials		
	• Recalls		
	Complaints		
	Stability testing		
	Specification available for raw material, bulk product, packaging materials?		
	Analytical procedures for every product?		
	Sampling procedure available for raw, bulk, packaging materials?		
	Supplier certificate available		
	Sample retention system (expiry+ 1year minimum)		
	Calibration program for analytical instrument?		
	Batch records kept for expiry +1yr or 5 year minimum?		
	Procedure for traceability of original analytical record from analytical report number or batch number?		
	Procedure for trend analysis for analytical results, yields and environmental monitoring data?		
12.	Sampling		
	Written procedure for taking samples		
	Do procedure define	l	
	Method of sampling?		
	Necessary equipment?		

• Quantity of sample?		
Subdivision of sample?		
Sample container?		
Labelling of samples?		
Storage conditions?		
Cleaning and storage of sampling of equipment?		
• Identification of containers to be samples?		
Are samples representative for the batch (sampling plan)		
Sampled container labelled with name of content, batch number,		
date of sampling and batch containers sampled?		
Are samples taken by authorized?		
Storage of reference samples under the recommended storage		
condition?		
Finished product stored in the final packaging?		
Retained samples allow 2 possible complete analyses?		
Sample retention room access secured?		
Testing		
Are the methods validated/verified?		
Are all results recorded and checked for correctness?		
Are all calculation checked?		
Do the analytical testing protocol contains:	I	
Batch number?		
Specification reference number?		

	 Method reference number? 	
	Date of analysis?	
	Name of the analyst?	
	Statement of release or rejection?	
	Date and signature of person authorized for release?	
	Are all IPC in production approved by QC?	
	Reference standard labelled with name and potency, date of expiry, supplier name	
13.	COMPLIANTS AND PRODUCT RECALLS	
	Complaints	
	Does written compliant procedure exist?	
	Are product compliant carefully reviewed?	
	Is a person designated to handle complaints and to decide on measures to be taken?	
	Are product complaints thoroughly investigated?	
	Procedure to inform regulatory authority on serious quality problem	
	Recalls	
	Does written procedure exist?	
	Is a person designated for execution and coordination of recall?	
	Responsible person independent of marketing and sales?	
	Are the authority informed of an imminent recall?	
	Does the person responsible for recall have access to the distribution records?	
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	Do the distribution records contain sufficient information on customers with address, phone, batch and amount delivered	
	medical samples?	
	Are recalled products stored in secured area?	
	Is the final record made including reconciliation between the	
	delivered and recovered quantities?	
14.	SELF INSPECTION	
	Does a self-inspection procedure exist, which defines frequency and program?	
	Are self-inspections carried out to check compliance with GMP rules	
	Is the self-inspection conducted in an independent and detailed way?	
	Are the self-inspection recorded and appropriate corrective action taken?	
15.	CONTRACT MANUFACTURING AND ANALYSIS	
	Written contract between contract giver and contract acceptor available?	
	Are responsibilities and duties clearly defined?	
	All arrangements in accordance with marketing authorization of the concerned product	
	The contract giver	
	Competence of the acceptor to carry out the work successful and according to GMP assessed?	
	Acceptor informed of safety aspects?	
	Conformance of products quality supplied by the acceptor ensured?	

	Products released by a qualified person on the acceptor's side?		
	The contract acceptor		
	Does the acceptor have adequate premises, equipment, knowledge, experience, competency and manufacturing authorization?		
	Does the acceptor ensure that all products or materials delivered to him are suitable?		
	There must be no work passed to a third party without the permission of the giver?		
	If the third party involved it must have the necessary manufacturing and analytical information.		
16.	Any other observation and comments		
17.	Declaration by the applicant		
	I the undersigned certify that all the information in the accompany inspection checlist of:	panying document	tation concerning the
	Name of the company	_duly authorized	l to represent
	(Applicant company name) is correct and true, and reflects the total information available.		
	I further confirm that the information referred to in the check list is available for verification. I also agree that I am obliged to comply with the requirements of the Authority related to GMP any time point in future.		
	Name		
	Signature		
	Position in company		

	<u></u>		
	Date:		
18.	Recommendation of the inspector:		
19.	Name and Signature of inspector		
		Name:	
		Signature:	
		Date	_
		Name:	
		Signature:	
		Date	_
		Name:	
		Signature:	
		Date	_
20.	Certification by owner/designated person		
	I (Full Name of owner/designated perso	n)	
	Certify that my proposed site/premises/p	olan has been reviewed/ inspected by above nar	med inspector(s)
	and I agree with the information provide	d in the checklist and report.	
	Signature		
	Date		
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